



The Intelligent Geological Software Solution

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Power*Log Tutorial



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Introduction

Power*Log™(Petrographical Office Wellsite Evaluation and Reporting) is a chip and core logging management program that utilizes single-entry data capturing to produce geological striplogs. The geological data is entered into the system through the use of intuitive data entry forms to ensure standardization of data. This data is stored in an RDBMS(Relational Database Management System) to allow data manipulation using SQL access tools.

Power*Log™ software consists of four (4) main parts:

- 1.) A log editor module that allows you to change the striplogs to suit your needs and preferences.
- 2.) A data transfer module.
- 3.) Report printing modules.
- An on-line help system that is designed to familiarize you with the commands and functions available in Power*Log™ and lead you through many of the processes involved in creating welllogs.

A note about navigating through Power*Log™ Reports:

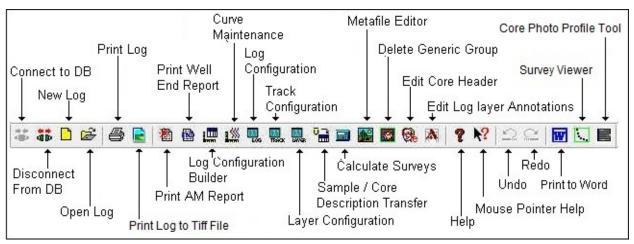
When you are entering information into data forms, you may move between boxes/fields by **pressing** the **Tab key** to go forward and **Shift +Tab keys** to move backwards. To exit forms that do not have an **Exit**, **OK**, or **Cancel** button, **press** the **Esc key** on the keyboard.

To access the On-line Help System in Power*Log™:

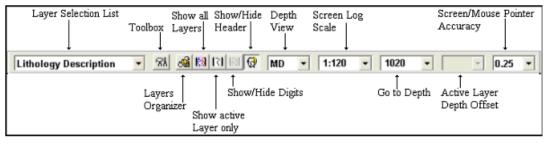
You can make use of the context sensitive help by **pressing** the **F1 key** when you are in a dialogue box. A pertinent help file will appear, opened to the topic relevant to the dialogue box you are in.

Below are some examples of common features within Power*Log™:

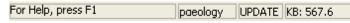
The Toolbar



The Selection Bar...



The Status Bar...

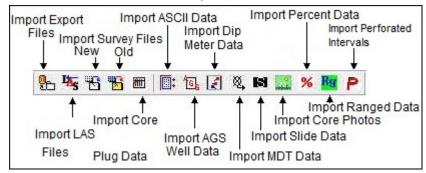


The Status Bar displays system status messages and any error message (associated with a field entry), in the far left corner. The KB elevation is displayed in the lower right corner of the **Status Bar**.



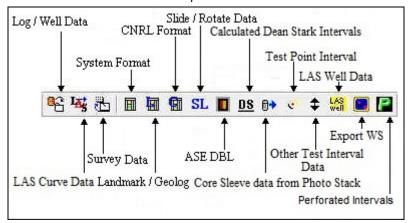
Import Toolbar

This toolbar is dockable and can be moved to different places on the screen.



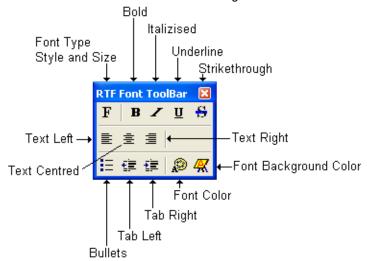
Export Toolbar

This toolbar is dockable and can be moved to different places on the screen.



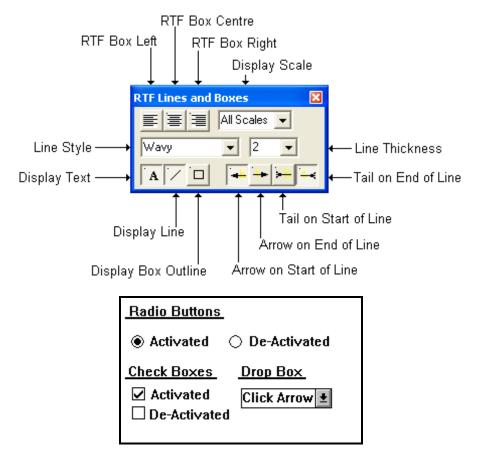
RTF Font Toolbar

Turns the RTF Font Toolbar on and off. This toolbar is dockable and can be moved to different places on the screen. This is used with the New RTF Annotations used on the Log.



RTF Line and Boxes Toolbar

Turns the RTF Line and Boxes Toolbar on and off. This toolbar is dockable and can be moved to different places on the screen. This is used with the New RTF Annotations used on the Log.



The On-line Help is divided into four (4) main categories:

Commands - Descriptions of each menu command within Power*Log™.

Toolbar - Shortcuts to common commands are explained.

Database Table Operations - Commands/functions related to the Database Table are described.

Quick Reference Guide - The portion of the **On-line Help System**, that quickly refers you to some of the more commonly performed tasks.



This tutorial will guide you through the process of creating and editing a new striplog (hereafter referred to simply as a log), with curves and interpreted lithology.

Connecting to the Database



1.) **Double click** on the **Power*Log** lcon. Acknowledge the Security Information window by **clicking** on the **DK** button. This will initiate the program and activate a **Connect Database** window.

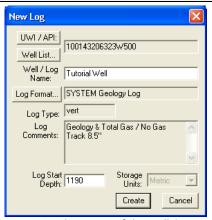


- 2.) Highlight the PGEOLOGY 2018 METRIC (Microsoft Access Driver[*.mbd])) database by clicking on it once.
- 3.) Move your mouse pointer to the **User ID** field and **click**. This will activate a flashing cursor in the **User ID** field. **Type** "**pgeology**" in the **User ID** field. **Press** the **Tab** key on the keyboard to move to the **Password** field.
- 4.) **Type "pgeology"** in the **Password** field and then **click** on the various dictionaries and then activate an **Open Log** window.

Creating a new Well / Log

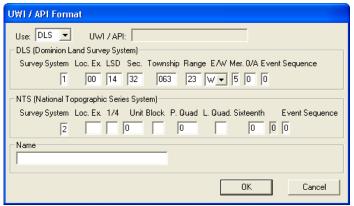
1. The first step in creating a new log is to **click** on the **New Log button** on the **Toolbar** or to **select New** under **File** on the **Selection Bar**. This will open the **New Log** window below.

This more than likely will appear after connecting to the Database without you have to do the above procedure if this was the first time you have activated Power*Log.



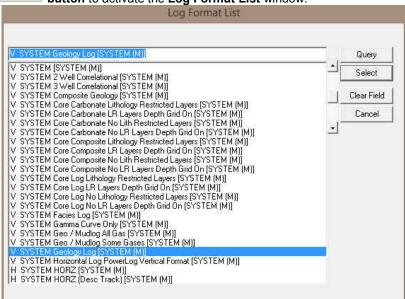
- 1.) The **Well/Log Name** field is where you enter the name of the well (no more than 50 characters long). **Type** "**Tutorial Well**" into the **Well / Log Name** field.
- 2.) Click on the UWI /API: button to activate the UWI Format window.



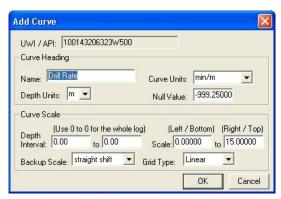


- 3.) You will be using the **DLS** (**Dominion Land Survey System**) format (for Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and some of BC). Enter the following information into the empty **DLS** fields and remember to **Tab** between fields. Loc. Ex.: **00**, LSD: **14**, Sec.: **32**Township: **063**, Range: **23**, E/W: **W**, Mer.: **5**, O/A: **0**, Event Sequence: **0**.
- 4.) Click on the button when you have finished entering the UWI. An extended UWI is created by Power*LogTM from the many small fields that you just filled in.

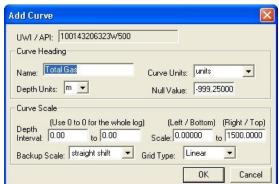
5.) Click on the Log Format... button to activate the Log Format List window.



- 6.) Click on "V SYSTEM Geology Log [SYSTEM (M)]" to highlight it and then click on the You may also double click on "V SYSTEM Geology Log [SYSTEM (M)]."
- 7.) Once you have been returned to the **New Log** window, **double click** in the **Log Start Depth** field. This will highlight the zero (**0**) and activate a flashing cursor. **Type 1190** in the **Log Start Depth** field.
- 8.) Once the information is entered, **click** on the **Create button**.
- 9.) This will initiate a **New Log**. During this process, the curves associated with the selected log format will be added. **Drill Rate** will be the first Add curve window.

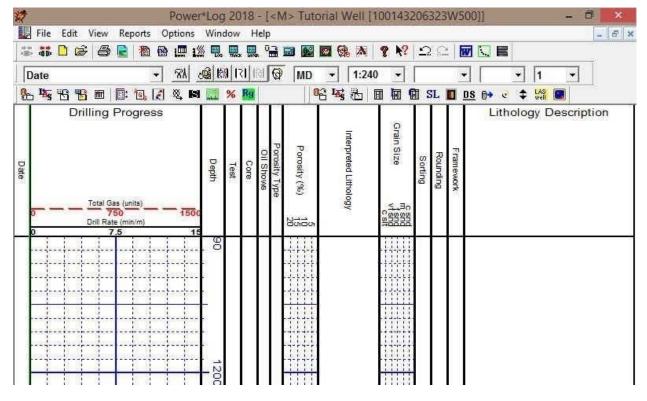


10.) Click on the button in the Add Curve window for Drill Rate. This will activate the second Add Curve window for Total Gas.



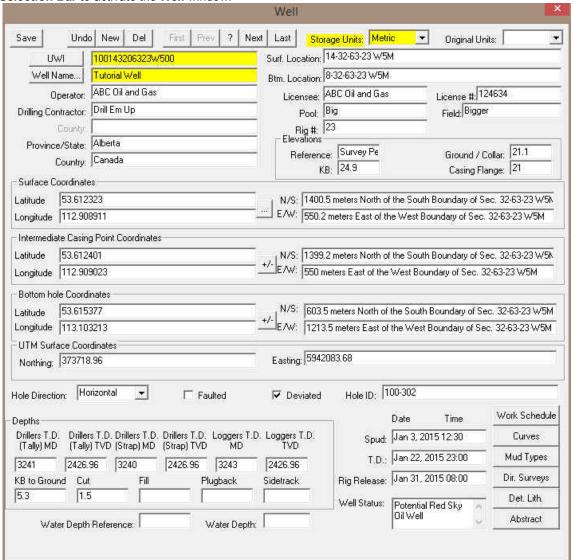
11.) Click on the button in the Add Curve window for Total Gas. This will activate well and it's log layout You have just added two curves to the database that will be displayed as curve layers in the Drilling Progress track on the new Tutorial log showing the Tutorial Wells information.

When the log opens, it should resemble this log.





12.) You can now fill in your pertinent well information by selecting Well under Edit pull down menu on the Selection Bar to activate the Well window.



13.) Type In 24.9 the KB field with ad then fill in the information you feel is necessary (The well window shown above has been filled in to give you an idea of how to complete the fields) and then click on the button to save any changes you have made to the database.

Note: Some of the fields in the **Well** window have character restrictions or mandatory requirements. Consequently, if any of these restrictions have been violated or if any requirements have not been met, the offending field will be highlighted. The nature of the problem will be displayed on the **Status Bar** (lower left corner of the screen), and you will be prompted with a system error message window.

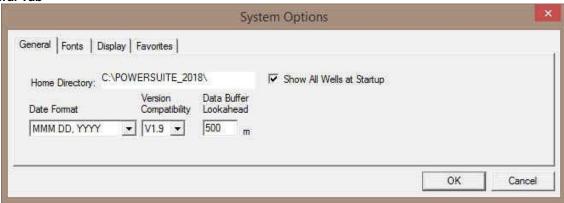
14.) If the record has been successfully saved, **click** on the **button**, when prompted with the **Shortcut Options** system window.



The System Options Window

To activate the System Options window click on System Options under the Options menu selection.

General Tab



Home Directory - This is the directory on your hard drive where Power*Log, Power*Core and Power*Curve is being executed. The user will not see any symbols on their log or print out any of our reports it you have the wrong home directory.

Show All Wells at Startup This check box when activated will populate the Open Log window with all the wells in the database. If it is unchecked it may help our corporate users and the time it take to retrieve thousands of wells from the database and to populate the Open Log window with that information. If this check box is deactivated and you

wish to see all your wells then simply **click** on the Clear Query button in the Open Log window to see all their wells if this option is deactivated.



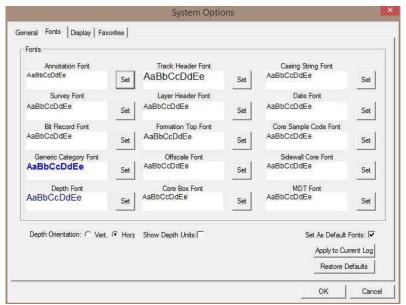
Date Format - From this drop box, you can select the date format. This selection determines how every date in **Power*Log / Core & Curve** will be entered and displayed. If you import a log with different date formats, **Power*Log / Core & Curve** will change the dates to comply with the format you've chosen here. The user can change this at any time and all the Date formats will be changed in the database.

Version Compatibility - Enables the user to achieve compatibility for Annotations in the older Versions of Power*Suite (V1.81 and before) and the Annotations in the newer Versions of Power*Suite (V1.9 and later). **Data Buffer Lookahead** - The number placed in this field determines how far ahead and behind the current top depth will be stored in the computers buffer. The larger the look ahead number, the longer it takes for Power*Log / Core & Curve to refresh the screen when you exceed the look ahead value. However, until you meet or exceed the look ahead value, scrolling will be much faster, because the database is not yet being accessed.

Fonts Tab

This tab allows the user to set up most of the fonts used in Power*Log, Core and Curve. You can set it up to be used on the current log as well as using the fonts as your defaults when you are making new logs.





Annotation Font - Allows you to determine the default font style, type, color and size of your annotations on your log, Also this is the default when you use any of the Sample Description Transfer options.

Survey Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your survey data associated with the Survey Layer on your log.

Bit Record Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your bit record data associated with the Bit Record Layer on your log.

Generic Category Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Long or Short Name display option in all the Generic Category Layers displayed on your log.

Depth Font - This allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of the depth markers in the **Depth** track of the log.

Depth Orientation: C Vert Horz - These radio buttons allows the user to change the orientation of the Depth Font on the Layer. Beware you may have to change the Track Width to accommodate the Font size and orientation. Refer to the Log Configuration Builder to do this.

Show Depth Units This check box ♥ when activated will display the depth units with the depth on the Depth Layer. ie. 1000 ft or 1000 m vs. 1000

Track Header Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Track Headers on your log. All track headers use the same font across the entire log.

Layer Header Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Layer Headers on your log. All Layer headers use the same font across the entire log.

Formation Tops Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Formation Tops data associated with the Formation Tops Long and Expanded Layers on your log.

Offscale Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your curve values displayed when the curve pegs off scale.

Core Box Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Core Box data entered in the Core Box layer.

Casing String Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Casing string data displayed on the Casing String layer. This data is entered through the Casing String Report.

Date Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Date data entered in the Date layer.

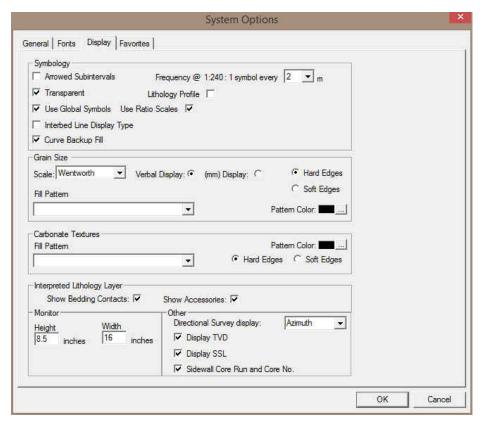
Core Sample Code Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Core Plug data entered through the Core Plug Report. This font is displayed on the Core Sample Code layer.

Sidewall Core Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your Sidewall Run and Sample Number data entered through the Sidewall Core Report. This font is displayed on the Sidewall Core layer.

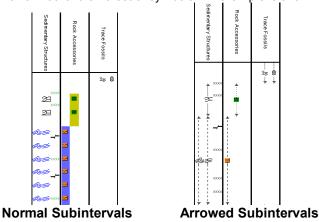
MDT Font - Allows you to determine the font style, type, color and size of your MDT Run and Test Number data entered through the MDT Report. This font is displayed on the MDT layer.

✓ Set As Default Fonts This check box ✓ when activated will make the font setting in this window your defaults for any new log created regardless on the Fonts stored in the template.

Display Tab



Arrowed Subintervals - This check box when activated will indicate the top and bottom of your subintervals (portion of an interval) with an arrow rather than a set of symbols. An example is shown below.



Transparent - This check box ✓ when activated, this function makes the background of the accessory symbols transparent, so that the bed in the background shows through. If deactivated, a white background surrounds the accessory symbols in order to separate them more from the beds.

Use Global Symbols – With the ability to edit existing metafiles the user may have imported a well that has used metafiles or symbols that have been modified to look differently than the one existing within your system symbols. If you wish to use your symbol set instead of the revised imported ones you can select this check box **▼** to make that change.

Interbed Line Display Type - This check box $\[\nabla \]$ when activated will display the interbed data with a line display splitting the two lithology types or when unchecked will display the lithology in an interbed fashion as displayed below.



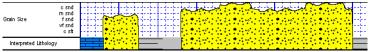




Curve Backup fill – This check box ✓ when activated will show a sideways hatching fill pattern when a curve goes off scale or in the backup mode. If unchecked there will be no hatching pattern when the curve goes off scale. Frequency ② 1:240 – This drop box determines how often symbols are drawn on a Lithology Layer, with the scale of 1:240. For example: 1 symbol every 1 meter at 1:240, 2 symbols every 1 meter at 1:120, 1 symbol every 2 meters at 1:480, and so on. These frequencies are only in effect if you utilize the entire interval in Oil Shows, Rounding, Sorting, Framework, or designated an interval in Sedimentary Structures, Traces Fossils and Rock Accessories.

Lithology Profile - This check box ✓ when activated will fill in the Carbonate Texture and Grain Size layers with the interpretive lithology. It will draw the lithology to the maximum size filled in over the interval.

Note: The user may wish to turn off the track borders when this option is selected. You will see an example of this shown below.



Grain Size Scale: Wentworth

Amstrat
Canstrat
Wentworth

Grain Size Scale List box - You may choose between **Wentworth, Canstrat** or **Amstrat** scales, when using the **Grain Size Builder**. The Wentworth Grain size only allows full grain size while Canstrat / Amstrat allow half grain sizes when drafting in the Grain size and matrix layers.

Verbal Display. ☐ This ☐ radio button will display the **Grain Size Track header** with the equivalent verbal grain sizes such as such as C slt, VF snd, F snd, M snd, C snd etc.



mm Display: This radio button will display the **Grain Size Track header** with the equivalent numeric grain sizes (in mm) such as .0625, .125, .25, .5, 1, 2 etc. as shown above.

☐ Hard Edges This ☐ radio button will display the grain size with strait edges and right angles between the grain sizes. The illustration below is shown with Lithology Profile activated.

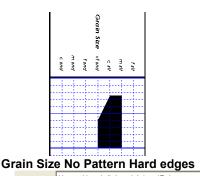


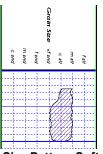
Soft Edges This ☐ radio button will display the grain size with curved edges and rounded angles between the grain sizes.

Grain Size Fill Pattern Upward hatch (left to right) at 45 degrees This drop box allows the user to select a hatching pattern when using the Grain Size Layer with the Lithology Profile not activate.

Grain Size Patern Color This color selector allows the user to pick the line color (foreground) when the fill pattern option is used. The background color is found in the Layer configuration for the Grain Size.

Hard Edges





Grain Size Pattern Soft edges

Carbonate Texture Fill Pattern Upward hatch (left to right) at 45 degrees This drop box allows the user to select a hatching pattern when using the Carbonate Texture Layer with the Lithology Profile not activate.

Carbonate Texture Pattern Color: This color selector allows the user to pick the line color (foreground) when the fill pattern option is used. The background color is found in the Layer configuration for the Carbonate Texture Layer.

Carbonate Textures Hard Edges This radio button will display the grain size with strait edges and right angles between the Carbonate Textures. The illustration below is shown with Lithology Profile activated. Carbonate Textures SoftEdges This radio button will display the grain size with curved edges and rounded angles between the Carbonate Textures.

Interpreted Lithology Layer - Show Bedding Contacts: V-When this check box V is activated the bedding contacts (lines) between the drawn lithology types in the Interpretive Lithology Layer will be shown.

Interpreted Lithology Layer—Show Accessories: When this check box is activated it will turn on the accessories in the Interpretive Lithology Layer.

Monitor Height - This option allows you to scale your monitor for Power*Log / Core so you may correlate on-screen wells with hard copy logs that you may have. It is recommended that you take an opportunity to measure the <u>vertical</u> viewing area of your monitor in inches and then insert that value in the Monitor Height field. Be aware, however, that if you adjust the screen height knob on your monitor, this will affect the monitor height setting.

Monitor Width - This option allows you to scale your monitor for Power*Curve so you may correlate on-screen wells with hard copy logs that you may have. It is recommended that you take an opportunity to measure the horizontal viewing area of your monitor in inches and then insert that value in the Monitor Width field. Be aware, however, that if you adjust the screen width knob on your monitor, this will affect the monitor width setting.

Note: You must restart Power*Log / Core & Curve for the Monitor Width / Height changes to take effect.



This drop box option will display your directional surveys on your log in either Quadrant format N 62 $^{\rm o}$ W) or Azimuth format (AZ 298 $^{\rm o}$)

Display TVD check box when activated will display the survey with TVD values
Display SSL check box when activated will display the survey with SSL values
Sidewall Core Run and Core No. This check box when activated will display the Sidewall Core Run & Core numbers above the core triangle indicator on the Sidewall Core layer.

Favorites Tab

This tab allows the user to define their System favorites for all the data categories that support these choices. This tab dialogue also allows the user to access the % Lithology Sort order for the % Lithology Track.



Rock Favorites - The Rock Favorites button when activated allows the user to determine the number of the activation of the Rock Type Builder window in the Interpreted and Detailed Lithology tracks.



- Rock Favorites button in the System Options window. 1.) Click on the button in the Rock Type Favorites list window to prepare it for the selection of your 2.) Click on the Rock Favorites. 3.) Select the following Rock Types from the Rock Type Favorites list window: Anhy (prim) [Anhydrite (primary)] Sh m gy [Shale medium gray] Ss [Sandstone] Plus any other rock types you would use a lot. button to return to the System Options window. 4.) Click on the Accessory Favorites - Allows the user to determine their favorite Accessories and then displays them in a pop-up menu generated by the activation of the Accessory Builder window in the Interpretive Lithology track. 1.) Click on the Acc Favorites button in the System Options window. 2.) Click on the button in the Accessory Favorites list window to prepare it for the selection of your Accessory Favorites. 3.) Select the following Accessories from the Thinbed, Components, and Cement headings in the Accessory Favorites list window: Thinbed cht dk pebbles [chert dark pebbles] sh gy stringers [shale gray stringers] Component aren [arenaceous] fld grs [feldspar grains] pyric [pyritic] sac [salt casts] slty [silty]
 - sils [siliceous] Plus other components that you would use a lot.

Cement

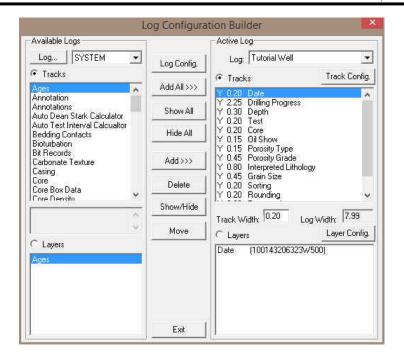
5.) **Click** on the **DK button** to return to the Main Power*Log window.

The Log Configuration Builder window

4.) Click on the

- This is the heart of the Log/Track/Layer configurations and controls the way your well's information is displayed on the log.
- The well may have a lot of information stored in the database, but that information cannot be shown graphically on the log until the necessary layers are added to illustrate that information.
- 1.) Click on Log Configuration Builder under the Options menu on the Selection Bar or click on the Log Configuration Builder button on the Toolbar to activate window:

button to return to the System Options window.



Fundamentals of the Log Configuration Builder Window

The left side of the Log Configuration Builder window: Available Logs

The **Available Logs** section or <u>left</u> side of the **Log Configuration Builder** window allows you to take any track or layer from **Available Logs** and add it to the log you are currently creating/building. On the **left** side of the window, below the <u>Itacks</u> radio button is a list of the tracks available for adding to the **Active Log**.

The **Available Logs** section or left side of the window contains the track and layer configuration of the **SYSTEM** [SYSTEM] log, when the window first opens. You have the option of using any of the existing <u>Tracks</u> and their associated layers or any of the existing <u>Layers</u> that are associated with any of the system logs in the log database.

Below the Layers radio button, on the left side of the window, is a list of the layers available in the track highlighted above. They will be added all at once, if you add their parent track. However, they can also be added on an individual basis, if you only want to add one layer to an existing **Active Log** track.

The right side of the Log Configuration Builder window: Active Log

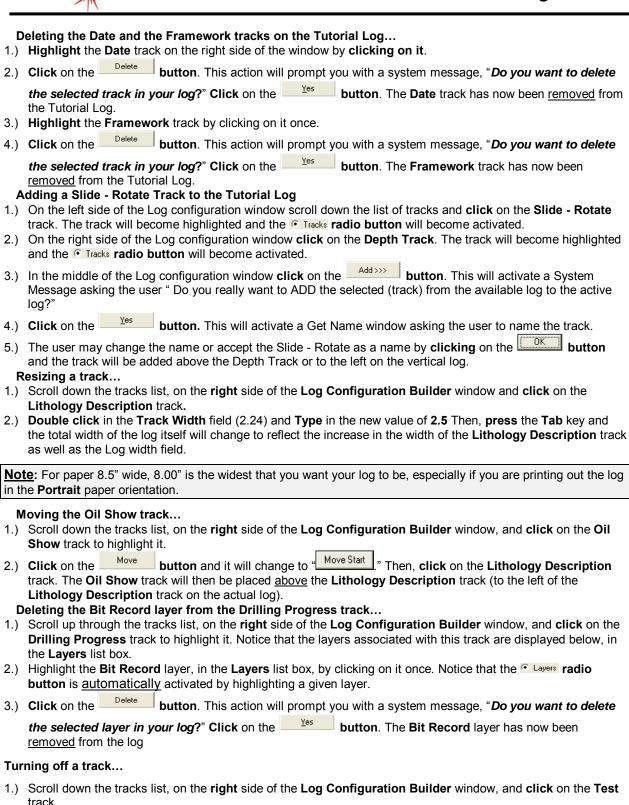
The **Active Log** section or the <u>right</u> side of the window displays the tracks and layer configuration of the <u>Active Log</u> (the log you are currently creating), in the main **Power*Log** window. The name of the log is viewed in the **Log** field. In this case, it will be "**Tutorial Well**." Below the <u>Tracks radio button</u> on the <u>right</u> side of the window, is a list of the tracks that are currently found within the **Active Log**. The track at the top of this list is drawn on the left side of the log, while the track on the bottom of the list is drawn on the far right of the log with all of the other tracks drawn in between, respectively. Below the <u>Layers radio button</u> on the <u>right</u> side of the window, is a list of the layers that are associated with the track highlighted above.

The middle of the Log Configuration Builder window: Selection Buttons

The **selection** buttons, found in the middle column of the window, are for adding layers or tracks from the **Available Logs** to the **Active Log**, activating/deactivating the **Active Log**'s tracks, deleting active log tracks or layers, and moving tracks or layers within the **Active Log** itself. Step-by-step instructions for accomplishing these tasks are provided on the following pages.

Working with the Log Configuration Builder Window





2.) Click on the Show/Hide button to turn the "Y"(yes), to the left of the track name, to "N"(no), indicating that the

3.) Alternatively, you can simply **double click** on the **Test track** to turn the "**Y**"(yes) to "**N**"(no). The user will notice

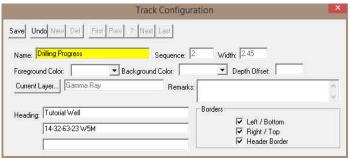
track will not be shown on the log, until it is reactivated.

the log width has now decrease in size from 8" to 7.8" wide.



Resizing and Configuring the Drilling Progress Track

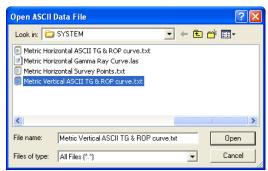
- 1.) Scroll up the tracks list, on the right side of the Log Configuration Builder window, and then highlight or **click** on the **Drilling Progress Track**.
- 2.) **Double click** in the **Track Width** field (2.25) and **Type** in the new value of **2.45**. Then, **press** the **Tab** key and the total width of the log itself will change to reflect the increase in the width of the **Drilling Progress Track** as well as increase the Log width field to 8".
- 3.) **Click** on the Track Config. button (to the right of tracks), to activate the Track Configuration window. The changes in step four have already been done in this example.



- 4.) We will change the first **Heading** field. In the first heading field, **Type** in the well name "**Tutorial Well**." In the Second heading field, **Type** in the location for the Tutorial Well, "**14-32-63-23 W5M**." This would be beneficial if you were faxing or printing to Adobe the log only. It would identify to the client the location of the well data that is being transmitted.
- 5.) Click on the save your changes
- 6.) A system message will appear asking the User. "Record saved successfully. Do you wish to exit?" **Click** on the button. This action will return you to the **Log Configuration Builder** window, where you will see the new name of your track displayed on the log you are creating. Later, when you exit from the **Log Configuration Builder** window, you will notice that the track headings have conformed to your changes.
- 7.) **Press** the **Esc** key on the keyboard or **click** on the **button** to exit from the **Log Configuration Builder** window. You will be returned to the main log window, where you will see the changes you have made to the new log.

Importing ASCII File Data into the Drill Rate & Total Gas curve layers:

1.) Click on the File pull down menu, select Import and then select ASCII from the pop out menu. OR the user can select the loop from the Import Tool Bar. This will activate an Open ASCII Data File window.

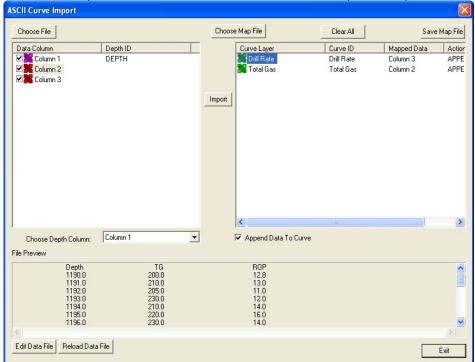


2.) Navigate to the C:\Powersuite_2018\system folder and select the Metric Vertical ASCII TG & ROP curve.txt file. Click on the Open button. Once the file has been selected, the Set delimiter window will be activated.





3.) This file is a Space delimited file and the default on this window is space delimited. You will see <column break> between the data points. **Click** on the **button**. This will open the Import window.



- 4.) The default on the Depth column is Column 1 is indicated by the purple X. In our case the depth is the first column so we do not have to change the depth column indicator.
- 5.) Click on the Column 2 on the left side and drag it to the Total Gas Curve layer on the right side of the window. You will see Column 2 in the mapped Data field and an APPEND in the action field.
- 6.) Click on the Column 3 on the left side and drag it to the Drill Rate Curve layer on the right side of the window. You will see Column 3 in the mapped Data field and an APPEND in the action field.
- 7.) Click on the Button. This will import the curve data and prompt you with a database message saying Imported successfully.

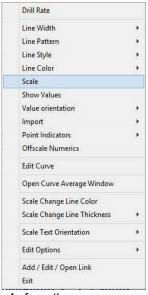
Imported Successfully



- 8.) **Click** on the **button** to close the window.
- 9.) Click on the button to close the ASCII Import window.

Changing Curve Scales

- 1.) Click anywhere in the Drilling progress track to make it active. It will have a green outline. Go to the layer selection list and select drill rate layer from the list to make it the active layer.
- 2.) Right click anywhere within the Drilling Rate track (Drill Rate Layer) to activate the pop-up menu.



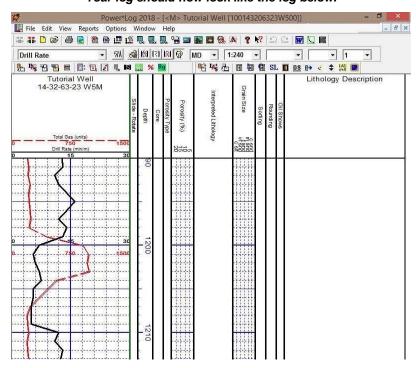


- 3.) Select Scale from the pop-up menu to activate the Curve Scale window for the Drill Rate curve. In this figure the user will notice the Scale has already been changed.
- 4.) Notice that the default scale (when the curve was originally added to the log), was 0 to 15 min/m, as you would see in your window. To change the original scale from 0 15 min/m to 0 30min/m, simply adjust the Right / Top Scale value to 30 by double clicking in the Right Scale field and typing in a value of 30.

<u>Note</u>: The backup scale (in this case **straight shift**), is there in case the curve values go off-scale (more than **30** min/m). A **straight shift** backup scale for an original scale of **0** to **30min/m** would be **30** to **60min/m** for **Left** and **Right Scale** values, respectively.

4.) Click on the Save button and select from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.

Your log should now look like the log below.

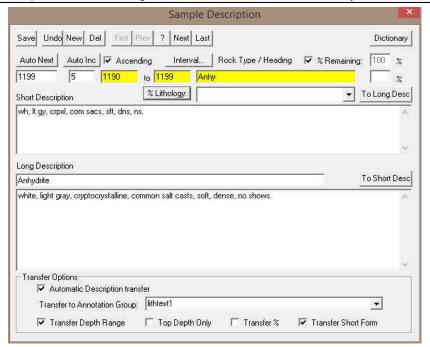




Adding Sample Descriptions

1.) Click on Sample Description, under Reports on the Menu Bar to open the Sample Description window.

N.B. The way the data entry windows work is that we will always open the data entry window with the deepest record entered for that record set. If you want to change that record then you can modify it and then click on the button. But, if you want a new record remember to always click on the button. If you do forget to click on the button and change the record and you have not saved yet you can click on the button. Then click on the button and proceed with entering the new data record for that data entry window.



- 2.) Type 1190 into the Interval (From) field and press the Tab key.
- 3.) Type 1199 into the Interval (To) field and press the Tab key.
- 4.) Type Anhy into the Rock Type / Heading field and then press the Tab key 4 times to get to the short description field.

<u>Note:</u> The rock types have to be typed in correctly in the Short form field (according to our Geological Expansion Dictionary) in order for the Rock Type to be filled in when the **Enter key** is depressed.

5.) **Type** the following description into the **Short Description** field, exactly as it appears below: **wh, It gy, crpxI, com sacs, sft, dns, ns.**

<u>Note</u>: The **Short or Long Descriptions** can be transferred to the **Lithology Description** layer and only the **Long Description** will be printed out in the **Sample Description**.

- 6.) Select the Automatic Transfer, Transfer Depth Range and Transfer Short Form check boxes (♥), as shown in the preceding sample description window.
- 7.) Click on the save button and then select start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window. You will see your sample description on the log at 1190m with the options selected in step 6.
- Adding another Sample Description to the same interval...
- 1.) Type Sh into the Rock Type field, tab 4 times and Type the following description into the Short Description field:

It gy, wxy, bentic, occly slty, tr aren grs, sft, blky.

- 2.) Deselect Transfer Depth Range check box

 ✓
- 3.) Click on the save button and then select from the ensuing Shortcut Options window. Your description will now be viewed at 1191m.

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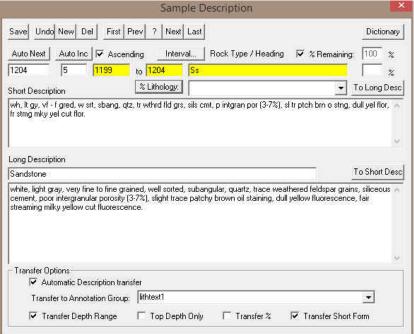


<u>Note</u>: If you have made any typing errors the user can **click** on the **Cancel button**, then you can make any necessary corrections and then **Save** the record once again to replace the old record with the new one.

- Adding another Sample Description to a new interval...
- 1.) Click on the Auto Next button to advance the description interval from depth to 1199. Type in a new depth to 1204
- 2.) Type Ss into the Rock Type field, tab 4 times and then Type the following description into the Short Description field:

wh, It gy, vf - f gred, w srt, sbang, qtz, tr wthrd fld grs, sils cmt, p intgran por (3-7%), sl tr ptch brn o stng, dull yel flor, fr stmg mky yel cut flor.

- 3.) Select Transfer Depth Range check box ✓.
- 4.) Click on the Save button and then select Start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window. You will see your description at 1199m.



- Adding more Sample Descriptions to a new interval...
- 1.) Click on the Auto Next button to advance the description interval from depth to 1204. Type in a new depth to 1209.
- 2.) Type Ss into the Rock Type field, tab 4 times and then Type the following description into the Short Description field:

wh, It gy, vf - m gred, modly w srt, sbang, qtz, tr wthrd fld grs, tr dk cht pbls, sils cmt, fr intgran por (6-10%), q brn o stng, no cut flor.

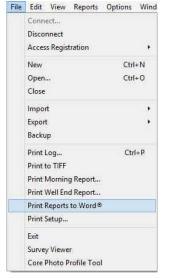
- 3.) Deselect Transfer Depth Range check box .
- 4.) Click on the select Start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window. You will see your description at 1204m.
- Adding our Last Sample Descriptions utilizing the Auto Next button...
- 1.) Click on the Auto Next button to advance the description interval from depth to 1209. Type in a new depth to 1213
- 2.) Type Sh into the Rock Type field, tab 4 times and then Type the following description into the Short Description field:

m - dk gy, micmica, v carb, calcs, fis.

- 3.) Deselect Transfer Short Form check box **□**.
- 4.) Click on the save button and then select from the ensuing Shortcut Options window. You will see your description at 1209m.

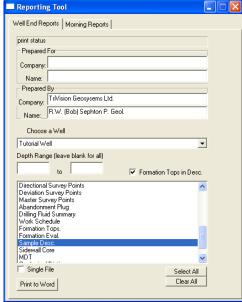


Printing out Sample Descriptions to Word. (Only if you have Word for Windows)



- Click on the Print Reports to Word button on the Toolbar or select Print Reports to Word Selection, under the File menu, on the Selection Bar to activate the Power*Log Report: Well End Report window.
- The Reporting Tool print window will automatically default to the active Well/Log Name. You will see Tutorial Well in the Choose a Well field If it is not the defaulted well then go to the Well list drop box and select it from the List.
- Highlight Sample Desc in the Reports field by clicking on it once.
- Leave the Depth Range field blank to print all the descriptions.
- 5. Click on the

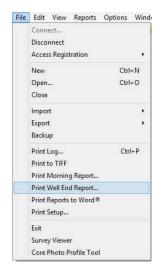




- 6. Click on the Print to Word button in the Well End Report window to printout the Sample Descriptions. This will activate you word program and you will get the Sample descriptions and Formation tops that were input through the Reports window.
- 7. When you are finished, **press** the **Esc** key on the keyboard to exit from the **Well End Report** window and to activate the following system message, "**Do you want to save the setup**" Clicking on the button and the window selections you have just made will be remembered for the next time. Clicking on the button will remember the default selections that were set for this window.

Printing out Sample Descriptions (If you don't have MSWord.)

- 1.) Click on the Print Well End Report button on the Toolbar or select Print Well End Report, under File, on the Selection Bar to activate the Power*Log Report: Well End Report window.
- 2.) The Well End Report print window will automatically default to the active Well/Log Name and its associated UWI: you will see Tutorial Well (100143206323W500) in the Well List field and it should be highlighted. If it is not highlighted, move the mouse pointer to the Well List field and click on the desired Well / Log Name to highlight the Well you wish to print information from.
- 3.) Highlight Sample Descriptions in the Reports field by clicking on it once.
- 4.) Select Printer from the Output drop box field list.
- 5.) Click on the Printer Setup... button, in the upper right corner of the Well End Report window, to activate the Print Setup window. Notice that the currently selected printer is listed beneath the Default printer radio button , at the top left of the Print Setup window. Use the Printer section of the Print Setup window to specify the use of a printer other than the default printer.



<u>Note</u>: Power*Log™ automatically defaults to a Paper Orientation of Portrait and a Paper Size of 8 5 x 11, as specified in the Orientation and Paper sections, respectively, of the Print Setup window. Please do NOT change these default settings.

- 6.) Make sure that the All check box ✓, in the Sample Description section at the lower right of the Well End Report window, is activated.
- 7.) Click on the button in the Well End Report window to printout the Sample Descriptions.
- 8.) When you are finished, **press** the **Esc** key on the keyboard to exit from the **Well End Report** window and to activate the following system message, "*Do you want to save the setup configuration?*" Click on the

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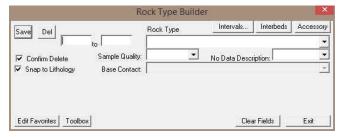


button and all of the printer selection/settings information utilized in the Well End Report window will be saved to the database for any future Well End Report print jobs. Clicking on the yes button will also return you to the main log window.

Drawing Interpreted Lithology

Note: To work on any layer in any track, simply **double click** on the track in which you wish to work to activate the "**builder**" window for that particular layer. Once the "**builder**" window for a given layer is active, you are then able to access the <u>pop-up</u> menu [**right click**] associated with that "**builder**" window and may proceed to enter any necessary intervals and graphical descriptions for the given layer.

- Drawing Rock Types...
- Double click anywhere within the Interpreted Lithology track to activate the Rock Type Builder window and the Toolbox with your Favorites Rock Type List.



2.) The user can move the Tool Box to a position where it is out of the way by clicking and dragging the Tool Box menu bar.

<u>Note</u>: The graphical images utilized in the Tool Box window represent specific **Rock Types** selected by the user in the **System Options** window (See **System Options** earlier in this tutorial). The written descriptions of the **Rock Types** illustrated in the above diagram were included as a visual aid and do <u>not</u> normally accompany a pop-up menu.

- 3.) **Select** the **Rock Type** for **Anhydrite (primary)** from the Tool Box window and it will automatically be displayed in the **Rock Type** field within the **Rock Type Builder** window.
- Define the top interval by clicking and holding the left mouse button at 1190m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 5.) Define the bottom interval by dragging the mouse pointer to 1199m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 6.) Release the mouse button and the interval will be drawn accordingly.
- Drawing another Rock Type...
- 1.) Select the Rock Type for Sandstone from Tool Box window and it will automatically be displayed in the Rock Type field within the Rock Type Builder window.
- 2.) Define the top interval by **clicking and holding** the **left** mouse button at or close to (if the **Snap to Lithology** is activated) **1199m** on the **Interpreted Lithology** track.
- 3.) Define the bottom interval by dragging the mouse pointer to 1210m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 4.) Release the mouse button and the interval will be drawn accordingly.

Note: If you happen to do something wrong remember you have an **UNDO** under the **Edit Menu** selection. Also there is an button on the Toolbar.

And another...

- 1.) **Select** the **Rock Type** for **Shale (medium gray)** from the Tool Box window and it will automatically be displayed in the **Rock Type** field within the **Rock Type Builder** window.
- Define the top interval by clicking and holding the left mouse button at 1210m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 3.) Define the bottom interval by dragging the mouse pointer to 1213m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 4.) Release the mouse button and the interval will be drawn accordingly.

Note: You may wish to resize a particular bed or lithological interval, but remember that beds cannot completely overlap one another. Also, keep in mind that only the top or the bottom of a particular bed can be resized at any one time. Accordingly, if you wish to resize both (top and bottom), you will have to do it twice.

· Resizing an interval...

Base Contact Save

Interhedding

Edit Options

Add / Edit / Open Link

Delete Acc Builder



N.B. If you have the $\overline{\lor}$ Snap to Lithology checked and your mouse pointer accuracy is 1 you must uncheck the check box to resize the following bed or decrease the mouse pointer accuracy.

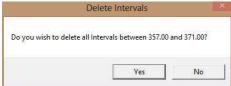
- 1.) Press and hold the Ctrl key on the keyboard down, while hovering over the bed boundary between the Shale and Sandstone bedding contact at 1210m. You will view a mouse pointer turn into resize arrow \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and if the shale is viewed in the builder click and drag the left mouse button up one meter to 1209m on the Interpreted Lithology track.
- 2.) Release the mouse button at 1209m, followed by the release of the Ctrl key on the keyboard, and you will be prompted with the following system message, "Do you really want to resize the interval from 1210.00 1213.00 to 1209.00 1213.00?"
- 3.) Click on the ______ button.
- 4. Press the Esc key on the keyboard to exit from the Rock Type Builder window.

Deleting a Single Rock Type or Bed

- 1. **Right click** anywhere within the **Interpreted Lithology** track to activate the pop-up menu.
- 2. Click on Delete and the following system message will be activated, "Do you really want to DELETE to ?" Click on the button to confirm the deletion.
- 3. Press the Esc key on the keyboard to exit from the Rock Type Builder window.

Deleting Multiple Rock Types or Beds

 Hold the SHIFT Key down and then click and drag anywhere within the Interpreted Lithology track and then let go of the Shift Key and left mouse button. This will activate a Delete Intervals message box.



Click on button and the Intervals dragged over will be deleted.

<u>Note</u>: When you delete a **Rock Type**, you will also delete its associated bed restricted rock description information, i.e. **Grain Size**, **Porosity Grade**, **Type**, **Oil Show** and all other bed restricted data.

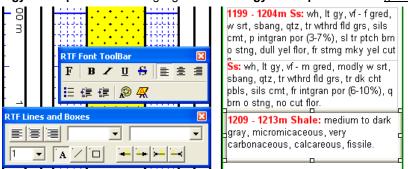
3. Press the Esc key on the keyboard to exit from the Rock Type Builder window.

** Your log should now look like the log shown below.** Power*Log 2018 - [<M> Tutorial Well [10014320 File Edit View Reports Options Window Help Interpreted Lithology → RA SE EN TO NO → 1:240 → 5. 專書書 ■ □ □ □ ② × ■ □ % ■ Tutorial Well 14-32-63-23 W5M Lithology Description Grain Size (%) 955 Sh: It gy, wxy, bentic, occly sity, tr aren grs, sft, blky. 199 - 1204m Ss: wh, it gy, vf - f gred, w srt sbang, qtz, tr wthrd fld grs, sils cmt, p intgran por (3-7%), si tr ptch brn o stng, dull yel flor, f stmg mky yel cut flor. s: wh, it gy, vf - m gred, modly w srt, sbang, iz, tr wthrd fld grs, tr dk cht pbis, sils cmt, fr tgran por (6-10%), q brn o stng, no cut flor. 1709 - 1213m Shale: medium to dark gray, nicromicaceous, very carbonaceous, calcareous, fissile.



Editing Sample Descriptions

1.) Make the **Lithology Description** layer active (in the **Layer Selection List** field), by **clicking once** anywhere within the **Lithology Description** track to highlight the **Lithology Description** track in green.

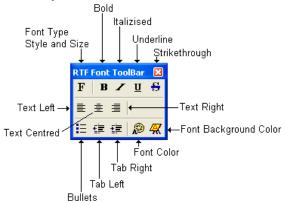


Moving a Sample Description

- 1.) Click anywhere within the Shale description that is viewed on your log at 1209 m to activate the RTF Font and RTF Line and Boxes toolbars and highlight the text.
- 2.) Move the mouse pointer to the outline and you will see the pointer turn into a \div crosshair. Click and drag your mouse to move the description down 2 meters to 1211m.
- 3.) Click outside the annotation to save your annotations.

Editing Sample Descriptions

- 1.) Now we will edit the Shale description at 1192m. Click in the Sh description at 1192. You will see the description outlined on the log.
- 2.) Move the mouse pointer to the outline and you will see the pointer turn into a \oplus crosshair. Click and drag your mouse to move the description down 2 meters to 1194m.
- 3.) Move your mouse pointer in the text field and click between the Sh and the (:) colon and Type in lam.
- 4.) Click outside the annotation to save your annotations.



Overview of RTF Font Toolbar buttons.

F At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate a Font Dialogue window to change Font Type, style, size etc.

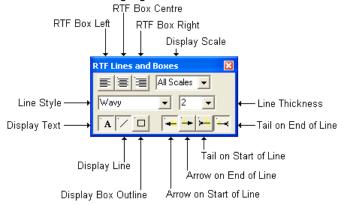
- **B** At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate a Bold Font style.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate an Italic Font style.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate an Underline Font style.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate an Strikethrough Font style.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted these buttons will orient the text line or paragraph left, centered or right within the box outline.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will place a bullet at the start of the text line or paragraph.
- At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted these buttons will indent or tab the text line or paragraph either left or right.





At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate a new Font color.

At the flashing cursor or with some text highlighted this button will activate a Font background color.



Overview of RTF Lines and Boxes Toolbar buttons.

Left Right Centered Text boxes: With the text box or annotations outline activated these buttons will orient the text box left, centered or right within the track borders. The user can also click and drag on the box outline to any orientation on the track which will override these buttons.



Display scale drop box: This allows the user to change the display scale for each annotation to adapt to the printed or viewing scale of the log. The All Scales selection will display the annotation at all viewing and printing scales from 1:1 to 1:5000. If you select a different display scale then the annotation will be viewed at that viewing and printing scale and smaller. Anything larger than the display scale and the annotation will not be viewed or printed. This should alleviate the annotations overlapping each other when printed out on different scales. For example if the user were to choose 1:120 the annotation would show up on viewing / printing scales from 1:120 to 1:5 and not show up on

scales from 1:121 to 1:5000.



Line Style Selector and Line Thickness drop boxes: These drop boxes allow the user to select a different line style for their drawn line as well as the line thickness for the line that is associated with each individual annotation. You can only have one line per annotation. The line can only be redrawn and not moved.

This button will show / hide the text for a particular annotation. The text will not hide itself until the annotation is clicked outside of or deselected.

This button will show / hide the line for a particular annotation.

This button will show / hide an outline around the annotation. The grey box you see around all annotations will not be printed. Only when this button is activated will the box be printed.

Will show / hide an arrow pointer at the end of a line draw.

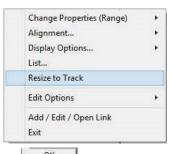
Will show / hide an arrow pointer at the start of a line draw.

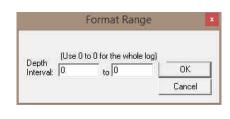
Will show / hide a tail at the end of a line draw.

Will show / hide a tail at the start of a line draw.

5.) Click outside the annotation to save your annotations.

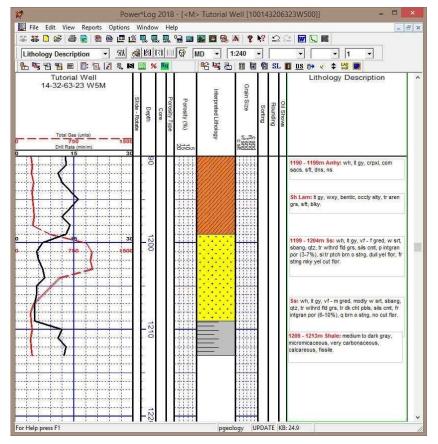
6.) One should not have to worry about the alignment when moving the annotations. Once you finished the moves Right Click on the Lithology Description layer to activate the pop out menu and Select the Resize to Track Selection. This will activate a System message shown below.





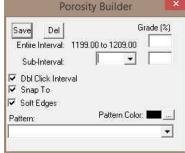
7.) Click on the button. This will refit the annotations to align with the track edges.

Your log should now look like the log below.



Drawing Porosity (%)

1.) Double click on the Porosity (%) track to activate the Porosity Builder window.



2.) **Double Click** the mouse pointer (with the Double Click Interval check box activated) between **1199.00** and **1209.00m** @ [5%] 1202.00 [5%] and the entire interval will be drawn accordingly in purple to represent an entire interval.



3.) Click and drag the mouse pointer from 1209.00 [8%] to 1204.00 1209.00, release the mouse button, and the desired Porosity Grade will be drawn accordingly in green to represent a subinterval.

Note: The mouse pointer does NOT have to be dragged to the same percentage (%) point at the bottom of the interval, as you selected at the top of the interval: the mouse pointer needs <u>only</u> to be dragged to the desired depth.

- 4.) Click on the Soft Edges check box to give your porosity grade a hand drafted effect.
- Deleting Porosity (%) Entire or Subinterval...

If you wish to delete a **Porosity (%)** subinterval or entire interval, while the **Porosity Builder** window is open, **right click** <u>within</u> the interval slated for deletion to activate a pop-up menu, and then left <u>or</u> **right click** on the appropriate selection.



Drawing Grain Size

1.) Double click on the Grain Size track between to activate the Grain Size Builder window.



2.) Using the **left** mouse button, **click and drag** the mouse pointer from **1199.00 [vf snd]** to **1209.00 [f snd]** on the **Grain Size** track.

<u>Note</u>: Measured Depths and Grain Sizes, like 199.00 [vf snd], can be viewed within the mouse pointer display box, situated just to the right of the mouse pointer.

- 3.) Release the mouse button and the entire **Grain Size** interval will be drawn accordingly in purple to represent an entire interval.
- Drawing a Grain Size Sub-Interval...
- 1.) Using the **left** mouse button, **click and drag** the mouse pointer from **1209.00 [vf snd]** to **1204.00 [m snd]** 1209.00 [m snd].
- 2.) Release the mouse button and the **Grain Size** Sub-Interval will be drawn accordingly in green to represent a subinterval.



- 3.) Click on the Soft Edges check box to give your grain size a hand drafted effect.
- 4.) To exit from the **Grain Size Builder** window and return to the log, **press** the **Esc** key on the keyboard once.

Note: If you happen to do something wrong remember you have an **UNDO** under the **Edit Menu** selection. Also there is an button on the Toolbar.

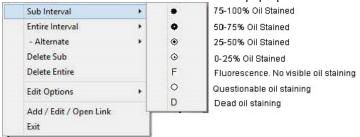


Drawing Oil Shows

1.) Double click on the Oil Show track between to activate the Oil Show Builder window.



2.) Right click anywhere within the Oil Show interval to activate the pop-up menu.

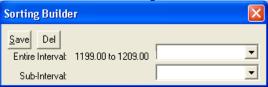


<u>Note</u>: The symbols utilized in the pop-up menu, represent a specific percentage (%) or amount of oil staining, as illustrated in the above diagram.

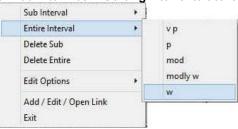
- 3.) Select 0-25% oil staining from the Sub Interval pop-up menu.
- 4.) Click and drag your mouse pointer from 1199m to 1204m and this sub-interval will be populated with the 0-25% oil staining symbol .
- 5.) Right click anywhere on the Oil Show track to activate the pop-up menu.
- 6.) Click on the Sub Interval selection and then select questionable oil staining from the list.
- 7.) Click and drag your mouse pointer from 1204 to 1209m and another 5m sub-interval will be populated with the questionable oil staining symbol.

Drawing Sorting

1.) Double click on the Sorting track to activate the Sorting Builder window.



2.) Right click anywhere within the 1199m to 1209m Sorting interval to activate the pop-up menu.



Note: Each of the abbreviations utilized in the pop-up menu represent a specific degree of Sorting.

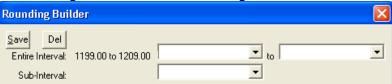
- Select w for the Entire Interval from the pop-up menu and the entire bed will be populated with the "W" symbol.
- Drawing a Sorting sub-interval...
- 1.) Right click anywhere within the Sorting Track to activate the pop-up menu.
- 2.) Select modly w from the Sub Interval pop-out menu.



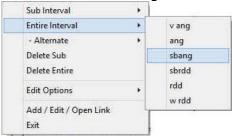
3.) Click and drag your mouse from 1204 to 1209m and one 5m sub-interval will be populated with the "mW" symbol.

Drawing Rounding

1.) Double click on the Rounding track to activate the Rounding Builder window.



2.) Right click anywhere within the 1199m to 1209m Rounding interval to activate the pop-up menu



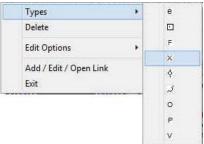
Select sbang for the Entire Interval from the pop-up menu and the entire bed will be populated with the "a" symbol.

Drawing Porosity Type

1.) Double click on the Porosity Type Track to activate the Porosity Type Builder window



2.) **Right click** anywhere within the **Porosity Type** track activate the pop-up menu and then **select** types to activate the pop-out menu.



3.) Select x from the pop-up menu and click at 1200m, 1202m 1205m and 1208m and "x's will appear at those depths.

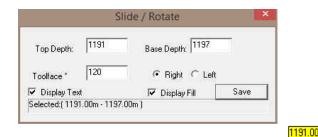
Note: If you happen to do something wrong remember you have an **UNDO** under the **Edit Menu** selection. Also there is an button on the Toolbar.

Drawing Slides on the Slide / Rotate Track

We can also import the slides and Toolface orientation but for this example we will do this manually. In the Power*Curve tutorial we will import the slides from a *.txt file.

1.) Double click on the Slide - Rotate Track to activate the Slide - Rotate Builder window





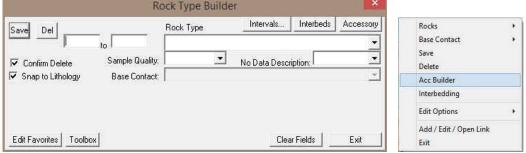
2.) **Click and drag** your mouse within the track from 1191 to 1197m let go. The slide will automatically be drawn for you with an S.

- 3.) To enter the Toolface orientation **click on the slide** that you just dragged in and then **type 120** in the **Toolface field** and then **click** on the **Right radio button**.
- 4.) Click on the Save button.
- 5.) To change the font orientation from the default Horizontal on the slide **right click on the Slide you just modified** with the Toolface to activate the pop out menu and **select** the **Vertical Orientation**.
- 6.) To **RESIZE** an interval you would **hold** the **CTRL key** and mouse over an end point of a slide to turn the mouse pointer into a resize arrow click and **drag your mouse** to a new depth interval drawn. **OR Click** on the **interval** to place its attributes into the builder and then **type** in a new start or end depth and then **click** on the **save button**.
- 7.) To **DELETE right click** on the drawn interval and **select** delete from the pop-out menu.

Drawing Accessories

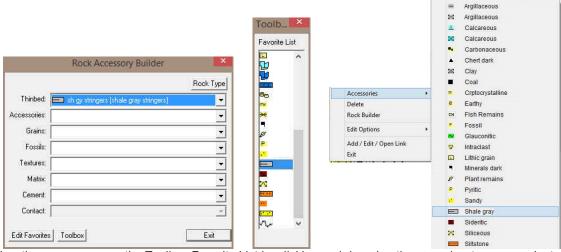
Using **the log on page 34** as a guideline, add some **Accessories** to the log at your discretion. Listed below are the steps for adding **Accessories**:

1.) Double click anywhere within the Interpreted Lithology track to activate the Rock Type Builder window.



- 2.) Right click anywhere within the Interpreted Lithology track to activate the pop-up menu.
- 3.) Select Acc Builder from the pop-up menu to activate the Rock Accessory Builder window or click on the Accessory button in the Rock Type builder.





4.) Now the user can move the Toolbox Favorite List by clicking and dragging the menu bar to a convenient location.

Adding a Thinbed...

- 5.) Click on the symbol for Shale Gray Stringers from the Tool Box Favorites list, right click favorites list, or in the Thinbed field in the Rock Accessory Builder window will be filled in with sh gy stringer [shale gray stringers].
- 6.) Click anywhere within existing Interpreted Lithology to insert the desired Accessories.

Adding another Thinbed...

- 1.) Click on the symbol for Chert Dark Pebbles] from the Tool Box Favorites List and the Thinbed field in the Rock Accessory Builder window will be filled in with cht dk pebbles [chert dark pebbles].
- Click along the bottom of the Sandstone interval to insert the desired Accessory.

<u>Note</u>: When placing **Accessories** on the log, you may wish to increase the mouse accuracy from the default of 1 to **0.1**. This selection box is located to the left of the **LAS** button on the **Toolbar**.

Adding an Accessory...

- 1.) Click on the symbol for Salt Casts from the Tool Box Favorites List and the Component field in the Rock Accessory Builder window will be filled in with sac [salt casts].
- Click anywhere within the Anhy (prim) interval to insert the desired Accessory.

Adding another Accessory...

- 1.) Click on the symbol for Silty from the Tool Box Favorites List and the Component field in the Rock Accessory Builder window will be filled in with sity [silty].
- Click within the Anhy (prim) interval to insert the desired Accessory/Accessories.

Add the following an Accessory and Grains...

Arenaceous Feldspar Grains

Adding Cement...

- Click on the symbol for Siliceous from the Tool Box Favorites List and the Cement field in the Rock Accessory Builder window will be filled in with sils [siliceous].
- Click anywhere within the existing Interpreted Lithology intervals, that you wish to insert the desired Accessory/Accessories.
- 3.) Press the Esc key on the keyboard to exit from the Rock Accessory Builder window.

Adding another Accessory...

- 1. With the Rock Accessory Builder window activated click and drag the Accessory symbol you wish to move and drag the red box to the new location.
- 2. Release the mouse button and the accessory or internal contact will be redrawn at the position.

Moving an Accessory

Click and hold your mouse pointer down on the Accessory (see a red box) and drag to a new spot.

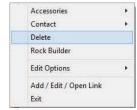


Deleting a single Accessory

- With the Rock Accessory Builder window activated right click (in the upper right corner) of the Accessory symbol you wish to delete and the pop-out menu will be activated.
- Click on the Delete selection from the pop-out menu and the selected Accessory symbol will be deleted.
- 3. Press the **Esc** key on the keyboard to exit from the **Rock Accessory Builder** window.

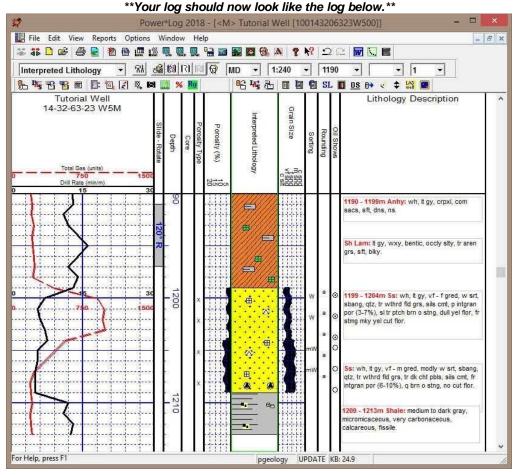
Deleting Multiple Accessories

- With the Rock Accessory Builder window activated Press and Hold the SHIFT Key and then click and drag an area where the symbols are that you want to delete.
- 2. Release the mouse button and this will activate a message.





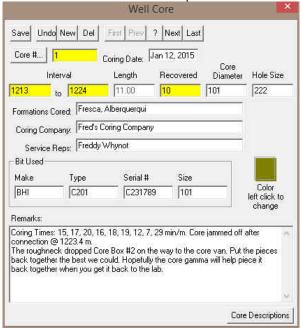
3. Click on the button. The accessories that were covered by your drag will be deleted.



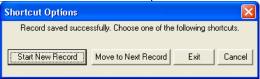


Adding a Cored Interval to the log

1.) Double click on the Core track to activate the Well Core report window.



- 2.) Type 1 into the Core # field. Tab key.
- 3.) **Type** today's date into the **Coring Date** field, using the **Date Format** (**MMM DD, YYYY**), selected in the **System Options** window at the beginning of this tutorial. **Tab key**.
- 4.) Type 1213 into the Interval (From) field, Tab key, Type 1224 into the Interval (To) field, Tab key and Type 10 into the Recovered field.
- 5.) The rest of the fields can be filled in. Only the yellow fields are mandatory. Remember to Tab between fields.
- 6.) Click on the button. This will activate the Shortcut Options window.

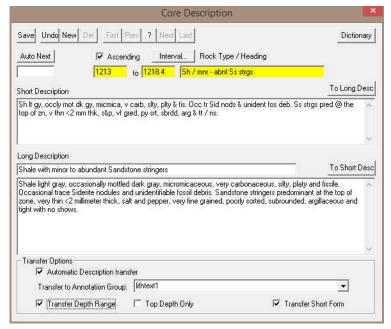


7.) Click on the Cancel button.

Adding Core Descriptions

1.) Click on the Core Descriptions button, in the Well Core window to activate the Core Description window.



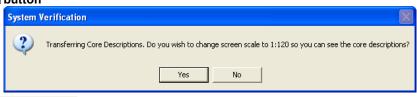


- 2.) Type 1213 into the Interval (From) field, tab and Type 1218.4 into the Interval (To) field, tab and then Type Sh / mnr abnt Ss strgs into the Rock Type field. Tab to get to the short description field.
- 3.) Type the following Core Description into the Short Description field, exactly as is:

Sh It gy, occly mot dk gy, micmica, v carb, slty, plty & fis. Occ tr Sid nods & unident fos deb. Ss strgs pred @ the top of zn, v thn <2 mm thk, s&p, vf gred, py srt, sbrdd, arg & tt / ns.

<u>Note</u>: The **Short or Long Descriptions** can be added to the **Lithology Description** layer (in the **Lithology Description** track and only the **Long Description** will still be printed out in the **Core Description Report** in the **Well End Report** window.

- 4.) Select the Automatic Transfer, Transfer Depth Range and Transfer Short Form check boxes ☑, as shown in the preceding sample description window.
- 5.) Click on the Save button.
- 6.) Depending on your Screen scale (>1:120) you may be prompted with a System Verification message **Click** on the yes button



- 7.) **Click** on the Start New Record **button** from the ensuing **Shortcut Options** window. You will see your sample description on the log at 1213m with the options selected in step 4.
- Adding another Core Description to a new interval...
- 1.) Type 1219.4 into the Interval (To) field, tab and then Type Ss into the Rock Type field. Tab to get to the short description field.
- 2.) Type the following Core Description into the Short Description field, exactly as is:

s&p, m gred, w srt, sbrdd, qtz, cht, sils cmt, fr-g intgran por (16% - 18%), abnt brn o stng, bri yel flor, ex stmg yel cut flor.

3.) Click on the Save button and then select Start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.

<u>Note</u>: If you made any typing errors, you can make any necessary corrections now and then <u>Save</u> the record once again to overwrite the old record. You must first delete the description from the Lithology Description Layer.

· Adding yet another Core Description to a new interval...



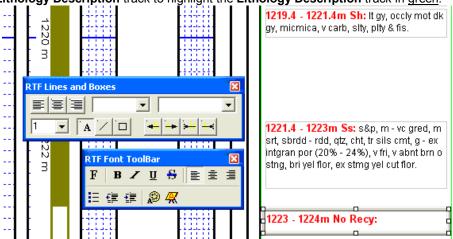
- 1.) **Type 1221.4** into the **Interval** (To) field, **tab** and then **Type Sh** into the **Rock Type** field. **Tab** to get to the short description field.
- 2.) Type the following Core Description into the Short Description field, exactly as is:

It gy, occly mot dk gy, micmica, v carb, slty, plty & fis.

- 3.) Click on the Save button and then select Start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.
- Adding yet another Core Description to a new interval...
- 1.) **Type 1223** into the **Interval** (To) field, **tab** and then **Type Ss** into the **Rock Type** field. **Tab** to get to the short description field.
- 2.) **Type** the following **Core Description** into the **Short Description** field, exactly as it appears below: s&p, m vc gred, m srt, sbrdd rdd, qtz, cht, tr sils cmt, g ex intgran por (20% 24%), v fri, v abnt brn o stng, bri yel flor, ex stmg yel cut flor.
- 3.) Click on the Save button and then select Start New Record from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.
- Adding the last Core Description to a new interval...
- 1.) Type 1224 into the Interval (To) field, tab and then Type No Recy into the Rock Type field. Click on the ToLong Desc button. This will expand the abbreviated Rock type into the Long name Rock type field.
- 2.) Click on the select from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.

Editing Core Descriptions

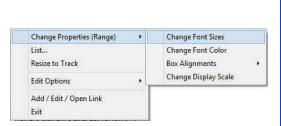
1.) Make the **Lithology Description** layer active (in the **Layer Selection List** field), by **clicking once** anywhere within the **Lithology Description** track to highlight the **Lithology Description** track in green.

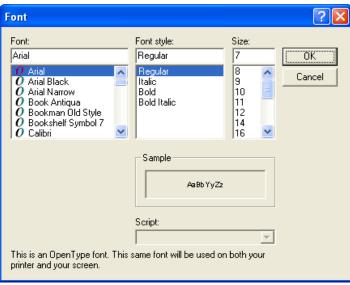


- 1.) Click on the Core Description you wish to move.
- 2.) **Move your mouse pointer** onto the bordered area on the lithology description track and so that the mouse pointer turns into cross hairs and **click** and drag to move this description so that it can be read easily. Release the mouse button, and the **Core Description** will be moved to its' new location.
- 3.) Click anywhere outside of the area to take the focus off that annotation.

Changing the Font Sizes over an Interval

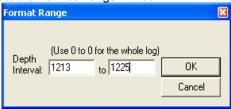
- 1.) Right Click anywhere on the lithology description layer. This will activate the pop out menu.
- 2.) Select Change Properties (Range) and then Change Font Size selection. This will activate the Font Window.





3.) Select Arial, Regular and type 7 into the Font, Font Style and Size dialogue boxes and then Click on the

button. This will activate the Format Range Window.

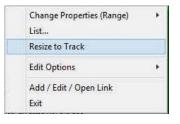


4.) Type 1213 in the Depth Interval from field and type 1225 in the Depth Interval to field and then Click on the button. This will change the Font size from the default to 7-point Arial Regular font for the cored interval.

Resize the Moved Annotations to fit the track width

When annotations are moved or manually placed in an annotation layer, the user may want them fitting perfectly between the track edges.

- 5.) **Right Click** anywhere on the **lithology description layer.** This will activate the pop out menu.
- 6.) Select Resize to Track. This will activate the Format Range Window.
- 7.) Accept the Depth Interval by **Clicking** on the **button**. This will resize the annotations to fit the track width.



Changing the Display Scale options



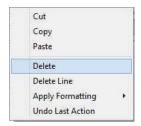


- 1.) Click on 1221.4-1223m Ss Core Description. If done correctly the Core Description's will show a highlight around the selected annotations borders.
- 2.) To change the **Display Scale** of the **Core Description** now being displayed in the RFT Lines and boxes window, simply **select All Scales** from the **display scale drop box** to replace the 120. (When this is done the core description will display at all log viewing and printing scales.)

Deleting Core Descriptions

- 1.) Click on the Core Description you wish to delete to highlight it.
- 2.) Right Click anywhere inside the annotation to activate the pop up menu shown below.





- 3.) Click on the Delete selection.
- 4.) Click anywhere outside the annotation to close down the RFT Builders.

Adding a Core Rate curve layer to the log

- 1.) Under the Options menu, click on Log Configuration Builder or click on the Log Configuration Builder button on the Toolbar to activate the Log Configuration Builder window.
- 2.) On the left side of the Log configuration builder scroll down and highlight or click on the Curves track.

This track has all of the curves available to our users except for mud gas curves, which are in the Mud logs. You can change names of any of the curve layers to represent any curve you wish but in our case all we have to do is follow step 2.

- 3.) Click on the Core Rate layer in the layers portion of the window on the lower left side of the builder to highlight it. In addition, notice the Layers Radio button on the left side is activated.
- 4.) On the **right** side (**Active Log**) of the **Log Configuration Builder** window, **click** on the **Drilling Progress** track to highlight it. This is the track we want to add the Core Rate layer to.
- 5.) Click on the button and you will be prompted with the following system message, "Do you want to ADD the selected (layer) from the available log to the active log?" Click on the button.
- 6.) This will activate a **Get Name** window with "**Core Rate**" as the name in the **New Layer Name** field. **Click** on the **Drilling Rate** track.

<u>Note</u>: The **Core Rate** curve has not yet been associated with the **Core Rate** layer. This will be done when the **Add Curve** window has been correctly filled in.

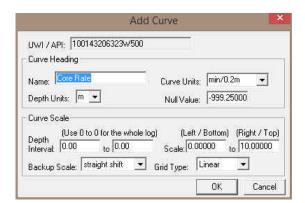
7.) Click on the button to return to the log and the log will be initialized with the new layer, which in turn will generate an Add Curve window.

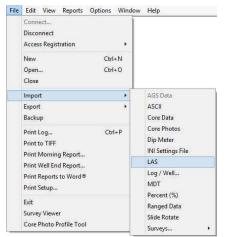
The Add Curve window...

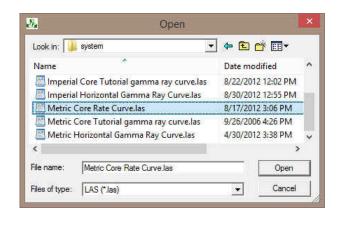
- Make sure the unit in the Curve Units field is correct (in this case it will be min/0.2m). If not, then please select min/0.2m from the Curve Units drop box field.
- 2.) Make sure m is in the Depth Units drop box field.
- 3.) Make sure the Null Value field is -999.25.
- 4.) Make sure the Depth **Interval** is **0** and **0** indicating the present curve scale is applicable to any depth on the log.
- Make sure the Curve Scale field values (Left / Bottom and Right / Top) to 0 and 10
- Make sure the Backup Scale drop box field is Straight Shift
- 7.) Make sure the **Grid type** drop box field is **Linear**.
- 8.) **Click** on the button to add the Core Rate curve layer to the Drilling Progress Track.

Importing an LAS Core Rate Curve

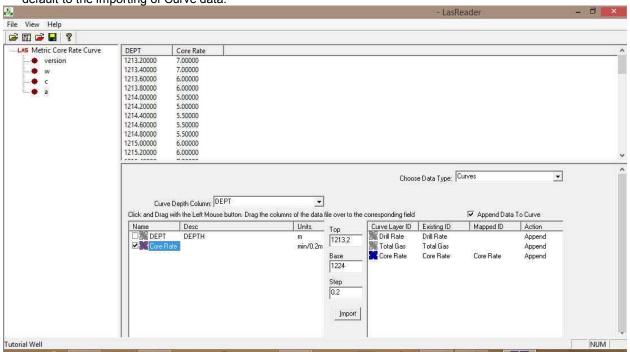
1. Click on the File pull down menu selection and click on Import and then click on LAS from the pop out-menu or simply click on the LAS button, on the Import Toolbar, to activate the LAS Reader window.







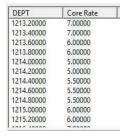
2. This will then activate the Open window which allows the user to select the LAS file you wish to import the data from. You can find the file in the PowerSuite_2018\System\Metric Core Rate Curve.las and highlight the file by clicking on it once and then click on the open button. You will see the window shown below. We will default to the importing of Curve data.



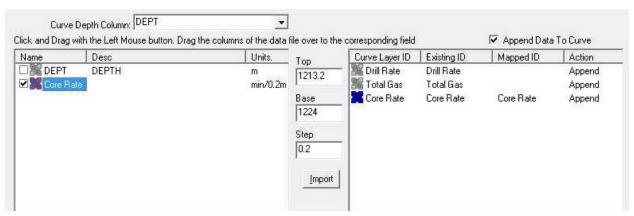
Overview of window

The **left hand side** of the **LAS Reader window** (shown on the right) allows the user to see the tree view of the data file format including the different data, parameter and definition blocks. The tree enables the user to select different

sets of data or definitions. We have the choice to import these data types into the predefined data sets such as curves, Inclinometry, Tests, Tops and Core Data within the Power*Suite application. We default the window to select the log data or curve data if it is available The **upper right hand side** of the **LAS Reader window** (shown to the right) allows the user to see the data associated with the different data and parameters and definition blocks. The **bottom left hand side** of the LAS Reader window (Shown below left) displays the curve data sets that available to be imported. These can then be dragged to the import side of the LAS reader.







The **bottom right hand side** of the LAS Reader window (shown above right) shows the Import side displaying the Curve Layers and Curve names associated with the log that is open and active at the time the LAS Reader window was invoked.

Importing LAS Curve Data files

 On the lower left side of the window Click and drag the Core Rate curve to the Core Rate layer on the lower right side and release it when the layer name becomes highlighted.

N.B. The user can **Right click** on the **Curve Layer ID** to remove the mapping or switch the action from append to replace. The Symbol color will either be purple for replace or blue for append.

2. Click on the button. You will then be prompted with a system message after the import has finished.



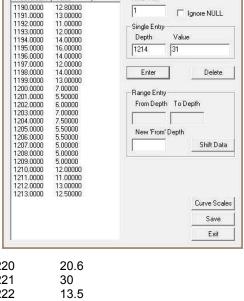
3. Acknowledge the Finished Import message. Click on the button and then click on the button to exit or click on the File menu and select the Exit option to close the LAS Reader Window.

Adding Coring Times to the existing Drill Rate curve

- Select the Drill Rate curve layer from the Layer Selection List field to make Drill Rate the active layer.
- Double click on the Drilling Rate track to bring up the Curve Editor window for the Drill Rate curve layer.
- 3.) Type 1214 into the Depth field. Press the Tab Key.
- 4.) Type 31 into the value field.
- 5.) Depress the Enter Key or Click on the button.

Note: Because the **Auto Inc.** field is set to **1**, every time you enter a curve value the depth will increment by 1. Depending on the step of you curve you will reset this value when manually entering curve data.

- Repeat Steps 4-5 to enter the Drill Rate values from the data below.
- 7.) When you have finished adding values to the curve, **click** on the Save button.



Curve ID: Drill Rate / NULL: -999.25

1214	31
1215	27.5
1216	33.5
1217	33.4
1218	33.4
1219	17.8

Measured..

Value

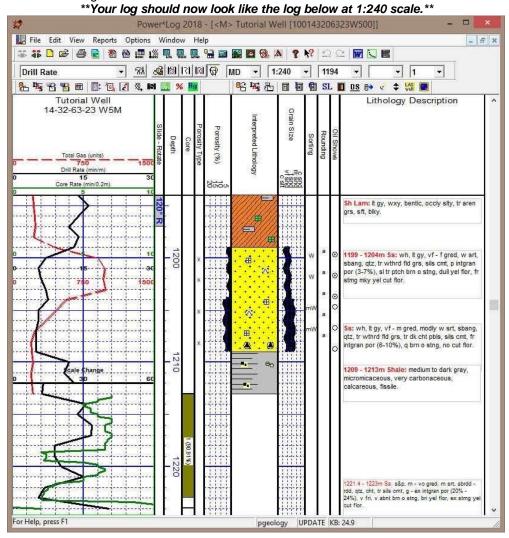


Changing Curve Scales in the Curve Editor window

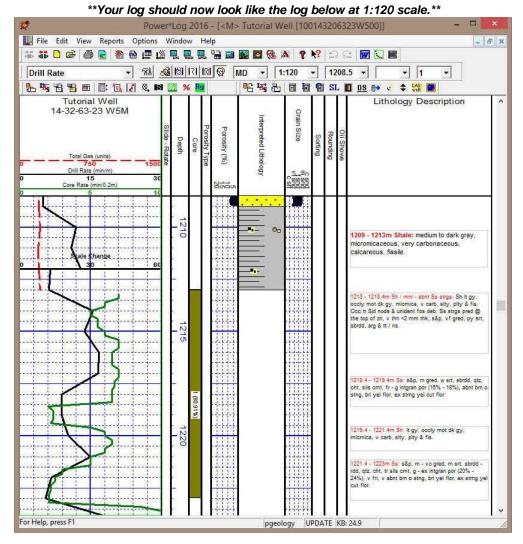
- 1.) Click on the Curve Scales button in the Curve Editor window. This will activate a Curve Scale window. We will be changing scales in our case at 1212m.
- 2.) **Type** in a different From Depth Interval changing the **0** to **1212** and then **click** on the **Save Button.** This will activate a System message stating Record Saved Successfully.
- 3.) Click on Start New Record button. This will clear the window.
- 4.) Type in 1212 in the from depth interval field, tab, Type 3000 in the to depth interval field, tab, Type in 0 in the left / bottom scale field, Type in 60 in the right / top scale field, select strait shift from the Backup Scale drop box.



- 5.) Click on the Save button and then select Exit from the ensuing Record Saved Successfully message box.
- 6.) **Press** the **Esc** key on the keyboard or **Click** on the **Curve Editor** window. This will return you to the main log and you will now be able to view your drill rate additions and the change of scale.

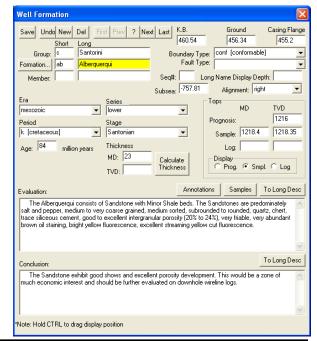






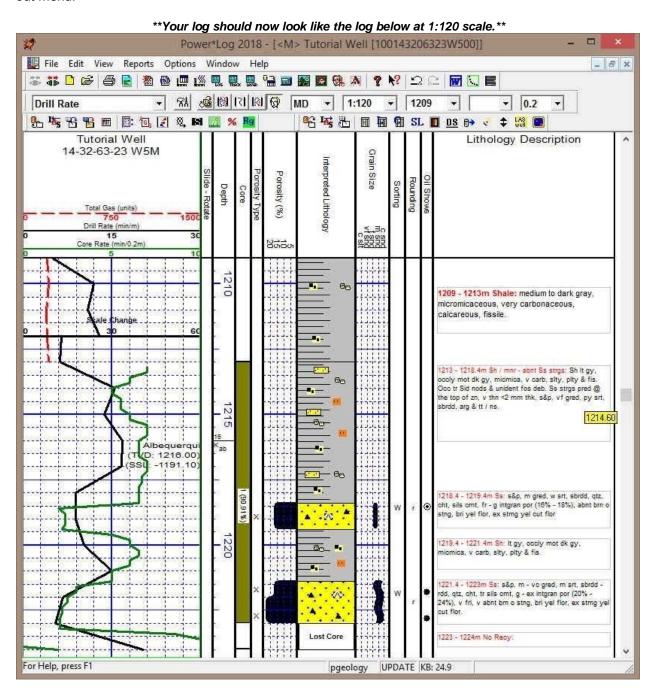
Adding a Formation Top

- 1.) Click on Formation, under Reports, to activate the Well Formation window.
- 2.) Type ab into the Formation Short name field, tab and Type Albequerqui into the Formation Long Name field, select Mesozoic from the Era Drop down box, select Lower from the Series Drop down box, select K [Cretaceous] from the Period Drop down box, and select Santonian from the Stage Drop down box.
- Type in 1216 in the Prognosis TVD Top field, tab, type 1218.4 in the Sample Top (MD) field, tab and Type 1218.35 in the Sample Top (TVD) field.
- 4.) Click on Prog. Smpl C Log radio button so the log will reflect the sample top.
- 5.) Click on the Save button and select Find from the ensuing Shortcut Options window.





Draw the Interpreted Lithology (Please refer to the section on Drawing Interpreted Lithology earlier in this tutorial), for the Core Descriptions, that you have already created. Your Log should look similar to the log illustrated in the log below. To draw Lithology with the accuracy that has been described in the core descriptions you will want to change the accuracy of your mouse pointer or the screen scale accuracy to 0.2m. To do this click on View menu selection, select screen scale accuracy and select 0.2 from the popout menu.

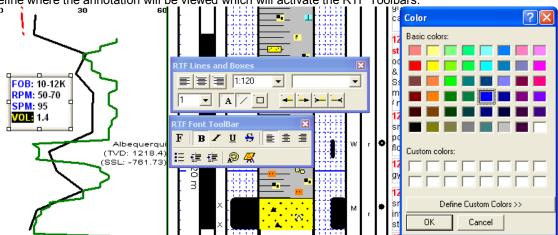




Adding Annotations

- 1.) Click on the Drilling Rate track to make it active (highlighted in green).
- 2.) Select Eng Mud Parameters, as your active layer, from the Layer Selection List field.

3.) Click and drag an area within the Drilling Rate track with the left mouse button depressed on the layer to define where the annotation will be viewed which will activate the RTF Toolbars.



4.) **Type** the following into the text field in the annotation layer:

FOB: 10-12K RPM: 50-70 SPM: 95 VOL: 1.4

- 5.) To change the Font Color **Highlight the Text you want to change by dragging the Mouse over the text** to highlight the letters.
- 6.) Click on the button in the RFT Font toolbar. This will activate the color palette.
- 7.) Click on the **new color** and then **click** on the **button**.
- 8.) Click anywhere outside the text box to save your annotation.

Adding a Curve Fill layer to an existing log

- 1.) Click on Log Configuration Builder, under Options, or use the Log Configuration Builder button on the Toolbar to activate the Log Configuration Builder window.
- 2.) On the left side of the window, click on the Curve fill track containing the Curve fill layer.
- 3.) Click on the Curve Fill Layer, that you wish to add to your log, within the Layers section on the left side of the Log Configuration Builder window. You should notice the Layers radio button become activated
- 4.) On the right side of the window, **highlight** the **Drill Rate** track so that you add the selected Curve Fill layer to this track.
- 5.) Click on the button to add the selected layer to the track on your log and the following system message will be activated, "Do you want to ADD the selected <LAYER> from the available log to the active log?"
- 6.) Click on the button to activate the **Get Name** window.
- 7.) You now have the option of either renaming the layer or simply leaving it with its original name. **Type** in **ROP/TG Curve Fill**.

<u>Note</u>: Two layers cannot share the same name. Accordingly, no layer will be added to your track if they share the same name as a layer that already exists on the active (your) track.

8.) Click on the button to add the layer to your log and place its name in the active Layers list on the right side of the Log Configuration Builder window.

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9.) **Click** on the **button** to get out of the Log Configuration Builder Window. This should activate the Curve fill option window. If so skip to step 3 in the setup directions.

Setting up the (2) Two Curve Fill options

Once the layer has been added to your log the user can now utilize the curve fill layer.

1.) To set the Curve Fill Options the user must first make the Curve Fill Layer active. To do so the user must Click on the Drill Rate Track containing the Curve Fill layer and then selecting the ROP/TG Curve Fill layer from the Layer Selection List field at the far left of the Selection Bar.

- 2.) **Double click** anywhere within the **Curve Fill or** layer to activate the **Curve Fill Options** window. An example is shown on the left.
- 3.) Click on the Set Main Curve button. This will activate a list of curves associated with this well.
- 4.) Click on the Drill Rate and then click on the

 Select button or double click on the Drill

 Rate Curve. You will now view the curve name below the

 Set Main Curve button.
- 5.) Click on the Set SecondaryCurve button. This will activate a list of curves associated with this well.
- 6.) Click on the Total Gas Curve and then click on the Select button or double click on the Total Gas Curve. You will now view the curve name below the Set SecondaryCurve button.

Curve Options Portion of the Window. This information is pertaining to the Main Curve and its Curve attributes.

- 7.) Click on the Pattern Type down arrow and select the correct curve pattern for the main curve. The Drill Rate Curve is defaulted to PtoP (Point to Point).
- 8.) Click on the Grid Type down arrow and select the correct curve grid type for the main curve. The Drill Rate Curve is defaulted to Linear.

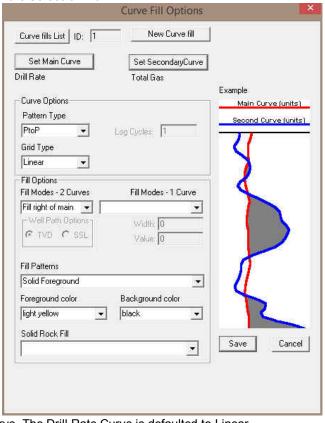
Fill Options Portion of the Window (2-Two Curves)

- 9.) Click on the Fill Modes 2 Curve down arrow and select the Fill Right of Main.
- 10.) Click on the Fill Patterns down arrow and select solid foreground.
- 11.) Click on the Foreground Color down arrow and select yellow.
- 12.) **Click** on the Save button. The Curve Fill Options window will close and the changes you have made will be shown on the layer.

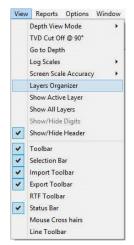
Layers Organizer

The Layers Organizer allows the user to set priority to the layers that are in a track. Also allows the user to move a curves grid pattern up over top of others layers data. As you can see now the Curve fill takes president over the curve grid pattern. You can only organize the one grid at a time.

- 1. Click on the Drilling Progress Track. It will highlight with a green outline.
- 2. **Select** the **Drill Rate** Curve layer form the Layer Selection List.
- 3. Click on Layers Organizer, under the View menu selection, or click on the Layers Organizer button on the Toolbar to activate the Layers Organizer window for the Drilling Progress track.









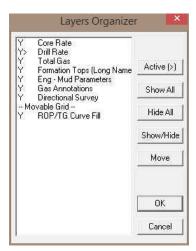
The order of the layers on this list determines the order in which the layers are drawn on the track. The layer at the top of the list is drawn last and the layer at the bottom is drawn first. It's a good idea to put the most important layers nearest the top of the list, so that when drawn they are on the top. Remember that the active layer displays its grid pattern.

The layers that are shown on the track are marked with a "Y", the hidden layers are marked with an "N", and the active layer is denoted with a ">".

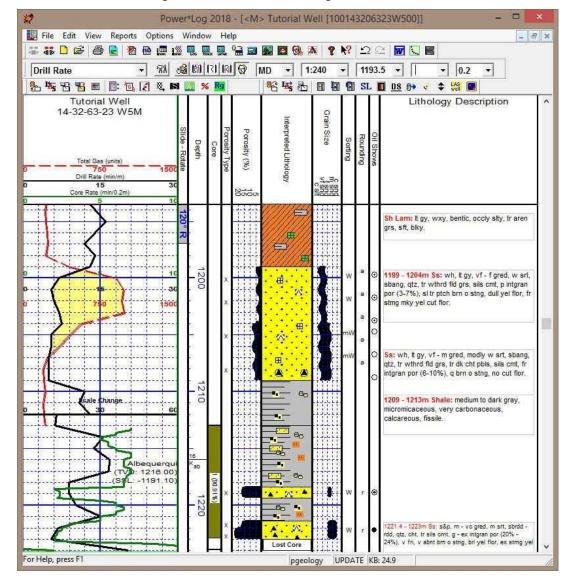
To show all layers, **click** on the **Show All button**. To hide all layers, **click** on the **Show Hide button**. To toggle a specific layer between show and hide, highlight the layer and **click** on the **Show/Hide button**. You may also double **click** on a layer to change its current state. To make a layer active, highlight it and **click** on the **Active** button.

Moving the Grid for an Active Curve layer...

- 4. Highlight the **Movable Grid** (associated with the Drill Rate Curve because it is the active layer) selection and **click** on the **button**, which will then display, Move Start
- Click on the ROP/TG Curve Fill layer and the grid pattern will move above and the Movable Grid selection will then move one line above the selected layer.
- 6. Click on the button to exit from the Layers Organizer window.



Note: You will have to repeat all the steps above to get the Movable grid associated with each curve above the ROP/TG Curve Fill layer. The Layers Organizer will only save data on exit. So you must exit after each layers moveable grid has been moved.



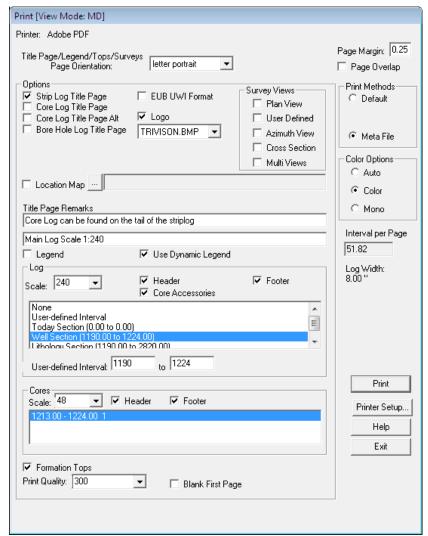
Your log should now look like the log below at 1:240 scale.

How to Print the Log to a Printer Driver.

1.) Under the File menu, click on Print Log or click on the Print button on the Toolbar to activate the Print Log window.

Note: The Title bar and all depths associated with the Print Log window are defaulted to the Depth View that Power*Log is set to at the time of the activation of the Print Log window.





2.) Select the letter portrait (because your log is 8" wide) from the Page Orientation drop box field and the Title Page, Legend, and Formation Tops will automatically conform to the selected orientation.

<u>Note</u>: The selection of letter, legal or tabloid (landscape or portrait) settings from within this **Print Log** window will <u>NOT</u> override the paper orientation settings selected in the printer's **Properties** window. Therefore, you must also modify the paper orientation settings in your Printer setup **Properties** window to select the corresponding paper size and orientation.

3.) Activate the Dynamic Legend check box ♥, if you wish to have the legend to reflect only the symbols printed on the log or core portions of the printed intervals defined in the log and core portions of the print log window.

In the Log portion of the Print Log window

- 1.) Select 1:240 from the scale drop box for the log to be printed out at.
- 2.) Click to activate the **Header** and **Footer** check boxes ✓ to print the track headers / footers on the log.
- 3.) Click on Lithology Section to highlight it in the printing options selection box.

Note: The log itself must be displayed in whatever depth view you wish to print before you activate the print log window. To change the log to the desired format refer to depth view under the view pull down menu.

Page Margin The page margin field is available, primarily, when you are printing to Adobe Acrobat writer. When a numerical value in inches is typed into this field it will initiate a top and left margin for the templates (Title Page, Legend and Formation Tops) as well as a left margin for the main log.

Page Overlap Activate the Page Overlap check box ✓ if you are printing on single sheets. This will force the printer to include an additional 1/4 inch of the log at the top and bottom of each page, so that you can cut-and-paste pages manually, if you so desire.

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Print Methods...

Default Activating the **Default** radio button forces Power*Log / Curve / Core to use a **raster or bitmap graphic printing method**. This printing method is generally used with Laser printers but not exclusively so.

Meta File Activating the Meta File radio button forces Power*Log / Curve / Core to use the meta file technology printing method. This printing method was developed for the newer models of printers on the market today as well as using the Adobe Acrobat Distiller or pdf printing technology.

Color Options...

Auto Activating the Auto radio button forces Power*Log / Curve / Core to use the settings from the printer driver to printout the log.

Color Activating the Color radio button of forces Power*Log / Curve / Core to override the printer driver settings and consequently Power*Log / Curve / Core assumes that you are using a color printer.

Mono Activating the Mono radio button forces Power*Log / Curve / Core to override the printer driver settings and consequently Power*Log / Curve / Core assumes that you are using a monochrome (black and white) printer. **Interval per page** field indicates how many meters of log will fit on a page of selected paper size and orientation selected in the setup as well as what log scale you are printing at. This will help indicate to the user how many pages will be required by the print job.

- 1.) Click on the Core Section 1213-1224 Core 1 to highlight it.
- 2.) Select the Core log scale of 1:48 and the Core Track Header and Footer check boxes ✓.
- 3.) **Click** on the Printer Setup... **button** to activate the **Print Setup** window and confirm that the correct printer settings are in effect.

<u>Note</u>: If you are printing out logs in color, you must activate the **Diffusion** or **Error Diffusion** option normally found under **Graphics** in the **Properties** window for most printers.

4.) When you are ready to print your log, **click** on the **button**.

<u>Note</u>: If you do exit from the **Print Log** window, you will be asked if you wish to save the print settings. If you **click** on **Yes**, the program will remember every setting that you made to the **Print Log** window and then will default to those settings the next time you enter the **Print Log** window.

How to Print the Log to a TIFF (file format)

Prints all or part of your log/well along with the Title page, location map, legends, survey views, individualized cores and formation tops on a continuous basis in a tiff file format.

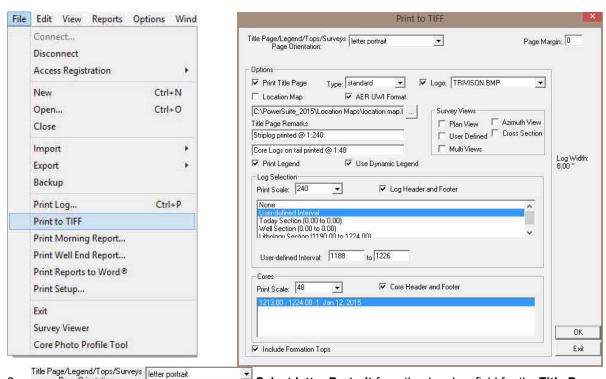
Under the File menu selection, click on Print to TIFF or click on the Print to TIFF button on the Toolbar to activate the Print to TIFF window shown below:

Note: The depth views associated with the Print TIFF window are defaulted to the Depth View that Power*Log / Curve / Core is in at the time of the activation of the Print to TIFF window.

Type: standard

core title alt, core title bore hole title





2. Page Orientation: Select letter Portrait from the drop box field for the Title Page,
Legend, Tops, Survey Views and they will automatically conform to the selected orientation. There are four
(6) types of paper orientation to choose from. But your log is 8" wide so letter portrait is the page orientation.

- The Type (Title Page) drop box displayed on the right allow you to pick the appropriate title
 page format to print. Select standard to prints out our full blown title page with most of the
 Wells data
- 5. AER UWI Format Select the AER UWI format for the Title page as the well is in Alberta.

N.B. This format changes our UWI printout from 100121605812W500 to 00/12-16-058-12W5/0 only on the Striplog Title page. All other UWI formats (DLS and NAME) remain the same.



 Activate this check box ♥, if you wish to printout a logo, and then select a logo from the Logo drop box field.

<u>Note</u>: The logo file format must be a bitmap image file (*.bmp) if you want a logo printed out on the title page. Also, it is recommended that the bitmap image should be a square image, because **Power*Suite** will shrink or expand the image to fit the logo space on the **Title Page**. This bitmap must be placed in the **Powersuite_2018\LOGO** directory for the application to find it.

- 7. Type any pertinent comments into the **Title Page Remarks** field and they will be displayed accordingly on the **Strip Log Title Page only**.
- 8. **Deselect** the Location Map C:\POWERSUITE_2018\L0G0\location map.bmp check box. In our Case we do not have a location map so **deactivate** this check box. If you wish to printout a location map following the title page, and then the user select a location map from your computers drives by clicking on the finding the file you want to print out as a location map.

<u>Note</u>: The location map file format must be a bitmap image file (*.bmp) if you want a location map to be printed out. Also, the bitmap image must be a square image, because **Power*Suite** will shrink or expand the image to fit the location map space following the **Title Page**. This bitmap can be placed anywhere as the file location is saved within the Power*Suite initialization file. (pgeology.ini)

- 9. **Deselect** the Survey views **Plan View** check box.
- 10. **Deselect** the Survey views **V** User Defined check box.
- 11. **Deselect** the Survey views ✓ Azimuth View check box.

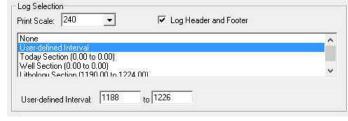
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- 12. **Deselect** the Survey views **Cross Section** check box.
- 13. **Deselect** the Survey Multi Views check box.
- 14. **Select** the Legend to activate this check box ✓.
- 15. **Select** the Use Dynamic Legend to activate this check box , because we want the legend reflect only the symbols printed on the log or core portions of the printed intervals defined in the log and core portions of the print log window.

In the Log portion of the Print Log window

- 16. LogScale: 240 Select 1:240 or type in the Scale for the main log to be printed out at, in the Scale drop box field.
- Select □ Log Header and Footer to activate this check box □ to have the track headers /footers printed out with the main log.
- 18. **Select** ☐ Core Accessories to activate this check box ▼ to have the core accessories printed out on the main log.

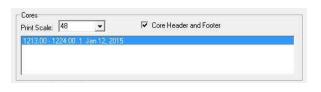


19. Select the defined interval. Type in 1188 and 1226 in the from and to fields.

Note: The log itself must be displayed in whatever depth view you wish to print before you activate the print log window. To change the log to the desired format, refer to depth view under the view pull down menu.

In the Cores portion of the Print Log Window

- 20. Highlight Core 1 highlighting them.
- 21. **Select 1:48** or type in the **Scale** for the core log to be printed out at in the **Scale** drop box field.
- 22. ✓ Core Header and Footer Activate this check box ✓ to have the track headers / footers printed out with the core log.

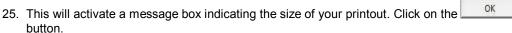


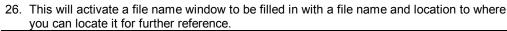
<u>Note</u>: A separate **Header Information Box** is automatically printed out with every **Core** and includes the **Core Scale**, **Core Date**, **Core Number**, **Cored Interval**, **Amount Cut**, **Amount Recovered**, and **Percentage**.

23. ☐ Formation Tops Activate this check box ☐ if you wish to printout Formation Tops and the Formation Tops will be included on a separate page at the end of the log printout.

The page margin field is available, primarily, when you are printing to Adobe Acrobat writer. **This is not necessary for printing to tiff file format**

24. When you are ready to print your log, **click** on the **button**.





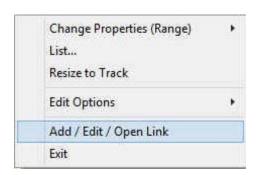


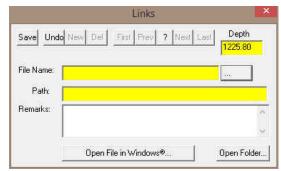
<u>Note</u>: If you do **exit** from the **Print to TIFF window**, you will be asked **if you wish to save the print settings. If you click on Yes,** the program will remember every setting that you made to the **Print to TIFF** window and then will default to those settings the next time you enter the Print to TIFF window

Adding a Link (Attachment) to your Log

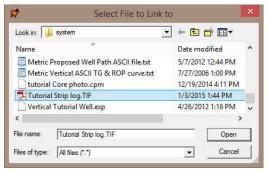
1.) In our case Right Click on the Lithology Description layer to activate the pop out menu.







- 2.) Select Add / Edit / Open Link from the pop out menu. This will activate a blank Links window with the depth you right clicked at.
- 3.) **Click** on the **button** in the Links window and you can now pick any windows compatible file. In our case I am linking the printed well file from the next section of the tutorial printed to my backup folder and then **click** on the **open button**. This will fill in in the details of the File Name and location in this window.





4.) Now the user can **Type** in some **remarks** to tell the viewer what the file is (if the user would like to identify the file) and then **click** on the **save button**. This will activate the Shortcut Options Window.



5.) **Click** on the button. This will insert the paperclip symbol where you originally right clicked and link the file to the log.

This concludes the Power*Log Tutorial. If you need help with specific functions or operations, please use the Table of Contents in the Power*Suite User Manual to find the desired topic or use the Search function built into the On-line Help.